Balanced Scorecard Reference Table

B <i>A</i> ccc <i>u</i> rc	Description	Dumage	Mathadalamı	2023-24 Target
Measure	Description	Purpose	Methodology	Explanation
Apprentice Registrations Lead: Operations and Client and Corporate Services Degree of Control: Observe	The number of new, reinstated and re- indentured registered apprentices is an indicator of growth in the SATCC system.	Due to the demand nature of the apprenticeship system, the number of new, reinstated and re- indentured registered apprentices is outside the control of the SATCC. It is a key operational indicator and is an important variable to be considered in budgetary and technical training	The SATCC estimates the number of new, reinstated and re-indentured registered apprentices using a mix of the trends from the current/previous year and a forecast of the number of new apprentices.	16-17 to 17-18 (12.4%) 17-18 to 18-19 (4.2%) 18-19 to 19-20 (8.5%) 19-20 to 20-21 (0.7%) 20-21 to 21-22 20.2% 5 yr. avg. = (2.3%) The year-end forecast for total number of apprentice registrations in 2022-23 is about 2,430
Total	The total number of	planning. Due to the demand nature	The SATCC estimates the	The forecast for 2023-24 is 2,400 new apprentice registrations. This is based on an anticipated increase in economic growth and large construction projects announced through the province. 16-17 to 17-18 (7.3%)
Apprentices Lead: Operations and Client and Corporate Services Degree of Control: Observe	registered apprentices indicates the size of the SATCC client base requiring services.	of the apprenticeship system, the total number of registered apprentices is outside the control of the SATCC. It is a key operational indicator and is an important variable to be considered in budgetary and technical training planning.	total number of apprentices using a mix of the trends from the current/previous year and a forecast of the number of new registrations, cancellations and certifications on a by trade/by level basis.	17-18 to 18-19 (14.5%) 18-19 to 19-20 (3.2%) 19-20 to 20-21 (3.9%) 20-21 to 21-22 4% 5 yr. avg. = (5%) The year-end forecast for the total number of registered apprentices in 2022-23 is 6,130 The forecast for 2023-24 is 6,400 Total Apprentices. This is based on an anticipated increase in economic growth and large

Measure	Description	Purpose	Methodology	2023-24 Target Explanation
Trade Qualifiers Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Influence	The number of trade qualifiers (TQs) engaged in the certification the system indicates the size of the SATCC client base requiring services and gives an indication of how many trades people are in the system in a given year.	Due to the demand nature of how TQs engage with the system, the total number of TQs is outside the control of the SATCC. Once registered, TQs remain in the SATCC database until they achieve certification. As a result, the number of TQs in the system trends back to over two decades. While, unlike with apprentices, there is no requirement for TQs to attend technical training and to progress through the certification system in a specified time frame, the total number of TQs in the certification system remains a key operational indicator to be considered in budgetary planning.	 The SATCC estimates the number of active TQs registered in the system during the last five years as follows: 1. The number of registered TQs in the system in the four years before the current fiscal year Plus 2. The new YTD TQs registrations as of the end of a given month/fiscal year Minus 3. The YTD certificates issued as of the end of a given month/fiscal year to those TQs counted in number 1 a 2 4. Equals the current number of active TQs in the SATCC system for each month/fiscal year. Note that the full 5 fiscal years information will be completed at the end of each fiscal year. In 2021-22 Management reviewed and adjusted the TQs the monthly reporting methodology to follow the same criteria as yearly reporting. 	The methodology counts TQs registered with the SATCC in the last five fiscal years 12-13 to 17-18 928 13-14 to 18-19 1,276 14-15 to 19-20 1,464 15-16 to 20-21 1,333 16-17 to 21-22 1,343 The year end forecast for the total number of active TQs registered in 2022-23 is 1,460. The forecast for 2023-24 is 1,450 TQs. This is based on an anticipated increase in economic growth and large construction projects announced through the province.
Technical Training Seats Lead: Client and Corporate Services Degree of Control: Control	Apprentices receive training on the job and by attending technical training. In order to achieve journeyperson certification an apprentice must attend technical training on an annual basis, as well as accumulating on the job training.	This outcome will directly impact the achievement of the SATCC Vision and Mission.	The SATCC uses provincial apprenticeship supply and demand forecasts to determine the number of training seats required for the next three years. The forecast takes into account the current number of active apprentices by trade and by level of training. It also uses historical data related to attendance patterns on a trade by trade basis and historical growth patterns over the past 5 years.	For 2022-23, the April 2023 forecast is 4,072 seats purchased. In 2023-4, the forecasted number is 4,450. This is based on an anticipated increase in economic growth and large construction projects announced through the province.

Measure	Description	Purpose	Methodology	2023-24 Target Explanation
Alternate Training Delivery Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Influence	The number of alternative training seats available in a given year. Alternate training is any training that does not exclusively use in-person and "block release" training. Alternate training may be offered online, distance delivery, workplace training, homebased study, hybrid or out- of-province training (availability differs by program).	To enhance alternative training options for apprentices and tradespersons to meet the needs of industry; to keep training up to date and using new technologies and techniques.	The number of alternate training seats purchased in a year compared to the total number of training seats purchased. The SATCC established a new measure in 2018-19 to measure the percentage share of total training seats that are offered in an alternative format.	As of Apr. 2023, 436 of 3,475 seats purchased in 2022-23 were intended for alternate delivery. This means that 12.5% of all purchased seats are in this category. For 2023-24, the alternate technical training is expected to be set at 10 per cent.
Apprentice & Employer Consultations Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Control	As of year-end, the total number of visits made to apprentices and employer work sites to promote apprenticeship or to support apprentice. Since 2022-23, this measure includes the number of employers found during Jobsite inspections (formerly General Contractor), Industry Visits and Training Provider Visits.	This is a measure of service standards provided by field consultants to SATCC clients, both employers and apprentices.	5-year average of visits conducted.	Considering the added items, the results in the last 5 years were: 2017-18 4,699 2018-19 5,801 2019-20 4,695 2020-21 4,498 2021-22 4,703 5 yr. avg. = 4,879 Management's target in 2023-24 is set at 5,000 visits.

Measure	Description	Purpose	Methodology	2023-24 Target Explanation
Trade Board Meetings Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Control	Each designated trade has a Trade Board with equal representation from employers and employees of that Trade. There are subject matter experts who participate on Trade Examining Boards and the Curriculum and Examination Development Boards.	Trade boards provide a forum for trade-specific direction and general feedback to SATCC from industry partners. SATCC staff support the Trade Boards and records minutes of all meetings; the number of meetings is reported.	All meetings of the Trade Boards, Trade Examining Boards and the Curriculum and Examination Development Boards are counted. Dependent on specific industry concerns or developments, trade boards meet at least once per year and then on an as needed basis. The other two boards meet on an as needed basis. 38 Trade Boards are currently active; and these oversee 41 trades. 7 trades do not have active trade boards. This is due to being a low volume or inactive trade or a trade where technical training is delivered out of province.	2017-18 161 2018-19 139 2019-20 138 2020-21 146 2021-22 125 5 yr. avg. = 142 In 2023-24, the target is set at 120 meetings.
New Trades, Sub-Trades and Occupations (NEW) Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Control: TBD	Pursue opportunities to expand the apprenticeship system, including the designation and certification of trades, sub-trades and occupations, and to endorse qualified workers in diverse occupations	Meet the training and certification needs of industry and stakeholders by growing the system beyond existing sectors	Subtrades can be reactivating an existing inactive trade or growing one out of an existing trade. Done mainly through TB discussions. This will not grow the number of subtrades necessarily but may increase participation and also increase discussions on sub-trades. Potential occupations are determined using scans of other jurisdictions, reaching out to industry stakeholders, or from industry with certification needs approaching the SATCC. A new trade, sub-trade or occupation is counted once any legislative and/or regulatory changes are completed.	Target – 2 new trades, sub-trades, or occupations. Setting a target of this nature is appropriate as the addition of trades, sub-trades, or occupations must have industry support to move the designation forward. This can be a lengthy process and requires an industry leader to move forward as well as requiring any legislation and/or regulation changes.

Measure	Description	Purpose	Methodology	2023-24 Target Explanation
Journeyperson Certificates Issued Lead: Operations and Client and Corporate Services Degree of Control: Influence	The more journeyperson certificates (JPs) issued the more skilled workers available to the Saskatchewan labour market.	This outcome will directly impact the achievement of the SATCC Vision and Mission.	The forecasts for the number of journeyperson certificates issued uses a mixture of the following data: - the # of apprentices attending/completed final level training adjusting for the number who write and successfully pass the certification exam; - the # of trade qualifiers adjusting for the number who write and successfully pass the certification exam; and - the # of apprentices who have successfully passed their certification exam but required more trade time hours to complete their certification.	The current forecast is for 1,000 JPs issued to the end of 2022-23. The forecast for 2023-24 is 1,000.
Red Seal Exam Pass Rate	The Red Seal secretariat publishes the percentage of	The higher the success of SK apprentices on the Red Seal exam, the greater the	The SATCC reports the results for the previous calendar year as audited by Statistics	2018 – 71% 2019 – 71% 2020 – 66%
Lead: Operations	apprentices who are successful at passing	number of journeypersons available to the labour	Canada; the results are received in June of the	2020 - 65% 2021 - 65% 2022 - 68%
Degree of Control: Influence	the Red Seal journeyperson exam in their given trade, on an annual basis. The information is available for SK apprentices and all of Canada.	market. This measure indirectly indicates the quality of training provided and the employer and employee supports provided by SATCC.	following year (the 2021 results will be received in June 2022).	5 yr. avg. = 68.2% In 2023-24 target is 75.0 per cent. This is based on the goal to return results to past performance levels.

Measure	Description	Purpose	Methodology	2023-24 Target Explanation
Real Completion Rate (RCR) Lead: Client and Corporate Services Degree of Control: Influence	SK was not included in a 2003 national cohort study for apprentice completion rates due to data limitations. In 2012-13, the SATCC adopted the Alberta methodology for cohort completion calculation.	The higher the completion rate, the greater the number of journeypersons available to the labour market and the greater the return on the Province's investment in training.	This method follows individuals through the system and takes the # of apprentices who get JP status (within 2 years after expected end of program) divided by the # of apprentices who complete Level One in a given year. It excludes electronics assemblers, food and beverage persons, guest services representatives and hairstylists, as these trades do not follow the traditional apprentice training routes. An overall completion rate is calculated annually based on the completion rate for each trade. The completion rate for compulsory and non- compulsory trades is calculated on an annual basis (at year end) for information.	Computation 2016-17 59.6% 2017-18 64.8% 2018-19 57.8% 2019-20 52.7% 2020-21 53.5% 2021-22 45.5% 5 yr. avg. = 54.9% The target represents a minimum standard of success for the SATCC. For 2023-24, the target is 60 per cent. The completion rate and averages for compulsory groups are included below for information. Compulsory trades 2017-18 66.9% 2018-19 61.2% 2020-21 45.1% 2020-21 45.1% 2021-22 39.7% 5 yr. avg. 52.7% Non-Compulsory Trades 2017-18 63.4% 2019-20 54.5% 2020-21 60.1% 2020-21 60.1% 2021-22 48.5% 5 yr. avg. = 56.4%
Total Employers Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Influence	Employers of apprentices drive demand for apprenticeship services.	The more employers engaged with apprenticeship, the higher the demand for SATCC services and the greater the capacity to meet the labour market need for skilled tradespeople.	The 5-year average number of employers.	2017-18 2,387 2018-19 2,136 2019-20 2,086 2020-21 2,093 2021-22 2,219 Note: the 2021-22 YTD values have employers with multiple locations in Sask. counted multiple times, which overstates the total number of employers in the system. 5 yr. avg. = 2,184 The 2023-24 forecast is projected to be 2,100.

Measure	Description	Purpose	Methodology	2023-24 Target Explanation
Total Saskatchewan Youth Apprenticeship (SYA) Participants Lead: Communications Degree of Control: Influence	The total number of high school students enrolled in the Saskatchewan Youth Apprenticeship (SYA) program is an indicator of growth in the prospective number of new SYA graduates.	The SYA program gives high school students the opportunity to learn more about skilled trades career pathways through hands-on experience. It is a key indicator of increased awareness among high school students of apprenticeship programs and careers in the skilled trades as a viable option.	The 5-year average percentage year-over-year increase (or decrease) in SYA registrations.	Lepinetton16-17 to 17-18(7.1%)17-18 to 18-1930.5%18-19 to 19-2024.8%19-20 to 20-216.0%20-21 to 21-22(17.3%)5 yr. Avg. = 7.4% increaseThe year-end forecast for the total Saskatchewan Youth Apprenticeship Participants in 2022-23 is 3,000. Lower 2021-22 SYA records were due to data revisions related to the MyATC implementation and administrative changes.The forecast for 2023-24 is 3,000 SYA participants.
Equity, Diversity and Inclusion (EDI) Partnerships (NEW) Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Control: TBD	Increase diversity and inclusion of equity priority groups in the apprenticeship system	To assist equity priority groups in exploring opportunities in the skilled trades To influence employers and decision makers to engage and apprentice equity priority groups	The base for the measure is the number of current partnerships with groups working with equity priority individuals (including active apprentices). Staff working to advance diversity and inclusion will identify opportunities to engage with EDI stakeholders on the apprenticeship opportunities for equity priority individuals.	Target: Two new partnerships per year. Increasing diversity and inclusion is facilitated through promoting and educating on the advantages of apprenticeship for equity priority groups. It should be noted that building partnerships is resource intensive. The success of the strategy is influenced by budget constraints and resources to create EDI- focused materials and meet with EDI partners.
Indigenous Apprentices Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Influence	The percentage of apprentices registered at year end that self-identify as Indigenous.	Maintain a representative proportion of the SK Indigenous population as apprentices compared to the general labour market.	The 5-year average as a percentage of total number of apprentices.	2017-18 16.8% 2018-19 17.4% 2019-20 17.7% 2020-21 18.1% 2021-22 17.6% 5 yr. avg. = 17.5% The 2023-24 target is rounded to 19.0 per cent; the Indigenous peoples comprised of 16.3 percent of Saskatchewan's population in 2016 (Statistics Canada)

Measure	Description	Purpose	Methodology	2023-24 Target Explanation
Female Apprentices Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Influence	The percentage of apprentices registered at year end that self-identify as female.	Women are under- represented in the SK apprenticeship system compared to the general labour market. This indicator will provide trend information.	The 5-year average as a percentage of total number of apprentices.	2017-18 10.3% 2018-19 10.4% 2019-20 10.9% 2020-21 10.1% 2021-22 10.3% 2022-23 10.9% (Apr.YTD) 3 yr. avg. = 10.4% 5 yr. avg. = 10.4% The 2023-24 target is set to 11.0%; this is close to the national average of around 11.5% for 2020 (Statistics Canada)
Female Apprentices in Trades with Low Female Representation Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Influence	The percentage of apprentices registered at year end that self-identify as a female in trades with low female representation.	Women are under- represented in the SK apprenticeship system in trades with low female representation. This indicator will provide trend information.	The 5-year average as a percentage of total number of apprentices. Prior to 2019-20, the 5 year trend and targets was given as the actual number of apprentices in this category.	2017-18 5.1% 2018-19 5.1% 2019-20 5.2% 2020-21 5.2% 2021-22 5.5% 2022-23 6.4% (Apr. YTD) 3 yr. avg. = 5.7% 5 yr. avg. = 5.2% The 2023-24 target is set to 6 per cent. This is above the 3-year and 5- year averages. It is also above the national average of around 4.0 per cent in 2019 (Statistics Canada)
Visible Minority Apprentices Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Influence	The percentage of apprentices registered at year end that self-identify as a visible minority.	Visible minorities are under-represented in the SK apprenticeship system compared to the general labour market. This indicator will provide trend information.	The 5-year average as a percentage of total number of apprentices.	2017-18 4.3% 2018-19 4.5% 2019-20 4.2% 2020-21 4.5% 2021-22 5.3% 2022-23 6.6% (Apr. YTD) 3 yr. avg. = 5.5% 5 yr. avg. = 4.6% The 2023-24 target is set to 5.5 per cent based on the 3-year average.

Measure	Description	Purpose	Methodology	2023-24 Target Explanation
Apprentices with Disabilities Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Influence	The percentage of apprentices registered at year end that self-identify with a disability, and/or were provided with learning accommodations.	Provide trend information regarding the number of registered apprentices with learning disabilities and/or other disabilities.	The 5-year average as a percentage of total number of apprentices.	2017-18 6.4% 2018-19 6.5% 2019-20 6.8% 2020-21 6.9% 2021-22 7.8% 2022-23 9.2% (Apr. YTD) 3 yr. avg. = 8.0% 5 yr. avg. = 6.9% The 2023-24 target is set to 8.0 per cent based on the 3-year average.
Employer Satisfaction with Training Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Influence	The Apprentice and Employer Satisfaction survey was conducted in 2007, 2010, 2013, 2015, 2017 and 2019. The survey is completed on a two- year cycle and won't be completed again until the fall of 2023.	To provide employer satisfaction with quality of the journeyperson as a proxy for satisfaction with the training.	The target is an average of the percentage of employers who agreed or strongly agreed with the statement "Overall, I am satisfied with the quality of the journeyperson when they complete an apprenticeship."	2013 84% 2015 87% 2017 92% 2019 91% 2021 92% 5 yr. avg. = 89% Rounded to 90% The target for 2023-24 is 90%.
Apprentice Satisfaction with Training Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Observe	The Apprentice and Employer Satisfaction survey was conducted in 2007, 2010, 2013, 2015, 2017 and 2019. The survey is completed on a two- year cycle and won't be completed again until the fall of 2023.	To provide apprentice satisfaction with on the job training.	The target is an average of the percentage of apprentices who agreed or strongly agreed with the statement "Overall, I am satisfied with the quality of my on-the-job training."	2013 88% 2015 89% 2017 90% 2019 90% 2021 91% 5 yr. avg. = 90% The target for 2023-24 is 90%.
Trade Levels Harmonized Lead: Operations Degree of Control: Control	The National Harmonization effort requires input from provincial and territorial (P/T) keyholders to come to consensus on: • Use of Red Seal Name • Use of National Occupational Analysis • Hours (work/training) • Levels of training • Sequence of curriculum	Industry boards (Trade Boards as well as Curriculum and Examination Development Boards) provide a forum for content-specific direction and feedback to the SATCC and the Harmonization Taskforce. This informs the Canadian Council of Directors of Apprenticeship's (CCDA) Harmonization efforts SATCC staff support the Boards and collaborate with national, provincial and territorial partners to consult, develop and validate trade-specific	The number of harmonized technical training levels implemented as of the beginning of the technical training year. The implementation for harmonization is progressive, so the target will be a combination of 2 to 4 years. Trades with out-of-province training have been included. The harmonization of technical training levels is becoming an operational process with the development of the Red Seal Occupational Standard. The number of trade levels	The target for 2023-24 is 7 trades (3 trades have training delivered out of province). The trades are listed below. It should be noted that that harmonization should be completed in 2023-24. Phase 5 Trades (Level 4) • Auto Body and Collision Technician • Powerline Technician Phase 6 Trades (Level 3) • Bricklayer • Glazier* • Instrumentation and Control Technician

Measure	Description	Purpose	Methodology	2023-24 Target Explanation
		information. Additionally, these meetings may be with training providers to validate provincial curriculum and delivery.	harmonized decreases each year due to trades from earlier phases, having already been harmonized, being added to the development cycle.	 Parts Technician Roofer Phase 7 Trades (Level 2) Cabinetmaker* Lather (Interior Systems Mechanic) Recreation Vehicle Service Technician*
Industry	This measure tracks	The SATCC's policy is to	The measure tracks the share	2017-18 98.9%
Response Time	if the SATCC	respond to 'industry issues'	of consultant request forms	2018-19 99.9%
	responds to 'industry issues' within the 30-	(i.e. apprentice and employers concerns/needs)	which are completed within the 30-day timeframe	2019-20 99.6% 2020-21 100%
Lead: Operations	day period	within a 30-day time period.	mandated as per SATCC	2021-22 98.0%
Degree of Control: Control	mandated by its own policy.	The measure tracks the SATCC's effectiveness at meeting this policy goal.	policy.	5 yr. avg. = 99.3%
				In management's opinion, a target of 95% represents a minimum standard of excellence.
Ratio	The SATCC has	This is a measure to see	The target is the year-to-date	2017-18 99.5%
Compliance	mandated	what percentage of	percentage of all in-	2018-19 97.7%
·	apprentice to	employers are in	compliance employers	2019-20 98.8%
Lead: Operations	journeyperson ratios within its	compliance with regulated	inspected by field staff.	2020-21 98.0% 2021-22 96.5% (YTD
Degree of Control	regulations. The	apprentice to journeyperson ratios.		as of Apr.22)
Degree of Control: Influence	measure tracks how employers comply in	Journeyperson 12100.		5 yr. avg. = 98.2%
	this area.			
				In management's opinion, a target of 95% represents a minimum standard of excellence.
Training and	This measure tracks	To ensure staff are	Total dollars spent on	There is \$82K in the
Development	dollars spent on staff	equipped with the training	training and development as	2022-23 Budget for this
Lood, Operations	training and development to	they need to deliver high quality client service	a percentage of total salary costs.	category based on the following:
Lead: Operations and Client and	equip staff to deliver	quality energies into a		
Corporate Services	high quality client		The measure includes the	Staff Training and
	service		following sub-categories:	Development: \$50K
Degree of Control: Control			Staff Training and Development	Tuition and Book: \$30K
			Tuition and Book	This translates into a
				target of 1.3%
				[(\$80K/\$6,279K x 100 =

Measure	Description	Purpose	Methodology	2023-24 Target Explanation
Sick Leave Lead: Operations and Client and Corporate Services Degree of Control: Influence	This measure tracks the average number of 'culpable' sick leave days taken per year per employee.	This measure is a proxy for measuring employee engagement. More engaged employees are less likely to take sick leave because they appreciate the negative impact their absence can have on clients, the team and the organization as a whole.	The calculation includes the average number of sick days for both unionized and non- unionized employee groups. The average is adjusted for employees who have taken leaves of absence due to 'non-culpable' reasons (e.g. extended medical leave due to serious illness or surgery). Only 'culpable' absences (i.e. sick leave that is not for documented medical reasons) are included in the calculation.	Explanation2017-185.2 days2018-195.7 days2019-204.7 days2020-212.7 days2021-224.3 days5-yr. avg. = 4.5 daysIn management'sopinion, a target of 5.5days per employeerepresents a standard ofexcellence for thismeasure.The majority of theSATCC's staff workedfrom home for significantperiods in 2019-20,2020-21 and 2021-22due to COVID-19 publichealth guidelines. Thislikely reduced sick leaveusage by staff.
Employer Satisfaction with SATCC Services Lead: Operations and Client and Corporate Services Degree of Control: Control	The Employer Satisfaction survey was conducted in 2007, 2010, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2019 and 2021 The survey asked customer and service satisfaction questions from 2013 on. The survey is completed on a two- year cycle and won't be completed again	To indicate employer satisfaction with SATCC service delivery.	The result is an average of the positive responses to 6 types of services SATCC provides to apprentices.	2013 92.2% 2015 94.2% 2017 94.0% 2019 94.0% 2021 96.0% Avg. = 94.1% The target for 2023-24 is 90% because this the standard of excellence for this measure.
Apprentice Satisfaction with SATCC Services Lead: Operations and Client and Corporate Services Degree of Control: Control	until the fall of 2023. The Apprentice Satisfaction survey was conducted in 2007, 2010, 2013, 2015, 2017 and 2019. The survey asked customer and service satisfaction questions from 2013 on. The survey is completed on a two- year cycle and won't be completed again until the fall of 2023.	To indicate apprentice satisfaction with SATCC service delivery.	The result is an average of the positive responses to 9 types of service SATCC provides to apprentices.	2013 90.8% 2015 91.2% 2017 93.0% 2019 94.0% 2021 92.0% Avg. = 92.2% The target for 2023-24 is 90% because this the standard of excellence for this measure.

Measure	Description	Purpose	Methodology	2023-24 Target Explanation
Employee Engagement Lead: Communications Degree of Control: Influence	The Annual Employee Engagement Survey is an internally generated survey which asks employees a number of questions to measure aspects of job satisfaction. The results are tabulated and shared with employees.	Measure SATCC staff satisfaction with their job.	The survey has been administered since 2012. The target is an average of the percentage of employees who strongly agree or agree with the following statement: "I find my work fulfilling and I look forward to coming to work each day."	2018 81% 2019 80% 2020 86% 2021 81% 2022 79% 5 yr. avg. = 81.4% In 2023-24 the target is set at 80%.
Share of Registered Apprentices in Technical Training Lead: Client and Corporate Services Degree of Control: Control	The provincial government grant and tuition fee revenues are sufficient to fund apprentice technical training.	In any given year, only a certain percentage of registered apprentices are ready to attend technical training.	The estimated number of technical training seats purchased in a fiscal year divided by the projected number of registered apprentices on July 1.	In 2023-24, the target is 70.0% (4,450 seats divided by 6,400 apprentices = 70%.
Technical Training Fill Ratio Lead: Client and Corporate Services Degree of Control: Control	The SATCC compares the number of technical training seats purchased with the number of technical training seats used by apprentices.	More apprentices are trained the budget used for purchasing technical training seats is used effectively.	The fill rate is calculated using the number of technical training seats purchased being divided by the number of seats filled by apprentices. (The number of seats purchased and filled includes the upgraders seats as SATCC pays full price for those seats; the number of seats purchased does not include the number of apprentices who attend technical training outside of Saskatchewan.) The target is set using management's judgement as to what the optimal target is based on past experience and current human resources.	Due to operational changes and a focus on achieving the highest fill rate possible given the human resources available, the target is being set at 95%; the optimal target in management's opinion. 2017-18 96.9% 2018-19 94.2% 2019-20 76.4% 2020-21 94.0% 2021-22 90.3% 5-yr Avg. = 90.4% Rounded up to 95.0% because this the standard of excellence for this measure. In 2023-24, the target is 95.0%

Measure	Description	Purpose	Methodology	2023-24 Target Explanation
Revenue- Expense Ratio Lead: Corporate Services Degree of Control: Control Administrative Cost Change Lead: Corporate Services Degree of Control: Control	Measures the ratio of own-source revenues to administrative expenses. Measures annual change in administrative costs, including SATCC staff salaries, but excluding training expenses.	The SATCC receives a GRF grant from the Government of Saskatchewan to pay for the purchasing of technical training and other administrative expenses. The purpose of this measure is to track how much of administrative expenses are supported by own-source revenues. Training expenses are excluded from this measure since the funding for this is paid for by the GRF Grant. Amortization is excluded because it's a non-cash expense. The purpose of this measure is track management's efforts to control budgeted administrative expenses, not including amortization, to ensure the efficient operation of the organization. Training expenses are excluded from this measure since these are not administrative expenses. Rather, training expenses represent the cost of purchasing training seats from training providers.	Ratio = (Own-Source Revenues/Administrative Expenses) x 100 Own-Source Revenues = Total Revenue – GRF Grants Administrative Expenses (AE) = [Total Expenses – Training Expenses - Amortization] Target ACC = [(Current Year's Budget AE – Previous Year's Budget AE]/Previous Year's Budget AE] x 100 Actual ACC = [(Current Year's Budget AE] x 100 Actual ACC = [(Current Year's Budget AE] x 100 Actual AE – Previous Year's Budget AE] x 100 Administrative Expenses (AE) = [Total Expenses – Training Expenses - Amortization]	Explanation Ratio = (\$4.701M/\$9.246M) x 100 = 51.6% Own-Source Revenues = \$26.265M - \$21.564M = \$4.701M Administrative Expenses = \$28.347M - \$18.961M - \$140K = \$9.246M Rounded down to 50.0% since Client Fees may be lower if not all training seats purchased/filled. Target ACC = [(2023-24 Budget AE - 2022-23 Budget AE] x 100 ACC = [(\$9.246M - \$9.509M)/\$9.509M] x 100 = -2.8%) 2023-24 Budget AE = \$9.246M (= \$28.347M - \$18.961M - \$140K = \$9.111M 2022-23 Budget AE = \$26.150M - \$16.495M - \$146K = \$9.509M
Share of Non- Government Revenue (%) Lead: Corporate Services Degree of Control: Influence	The share of revenue generated from non- government sources such as Client Fees, Interest, etc.	expense. Measures the reliance of the SATCC on Government of Saskatchewan funding to generate revenue.	Non-Gov't Revenue = Client Fees + Industry Contributions + Products and Services + Interest Non-Gov't Revenue Share = (Non-Gov't Revenue/Total Revenue) x 100	Non-Gov't Revenue = \$4.701M Calculation = \$26.265M – \$21.564M = \$4.701M Total Revenue = \$26.265M GRF Grant = \$21.564M Non-Gov't Revenue Share = (\$4.701M/\$26.265M) x 100 = 17.9% rounded to 18%)